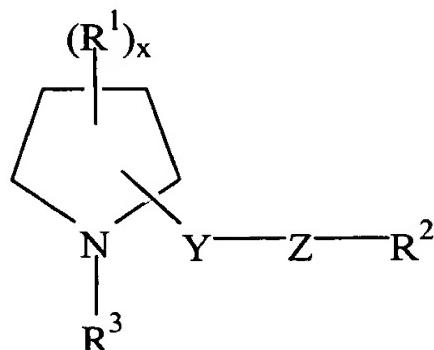


**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) A compound of the formula



wherein:

$x$  is from 0 to 2;

$R^1$  is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> alkoxy (optionally substituted by halo), C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkylalkoxy (wherein the cycloalkyl group is optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by halo), arylalkoxy (wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by halo) and C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> alkyl amino (wherein the alkyl group is optionally substituted by halo)

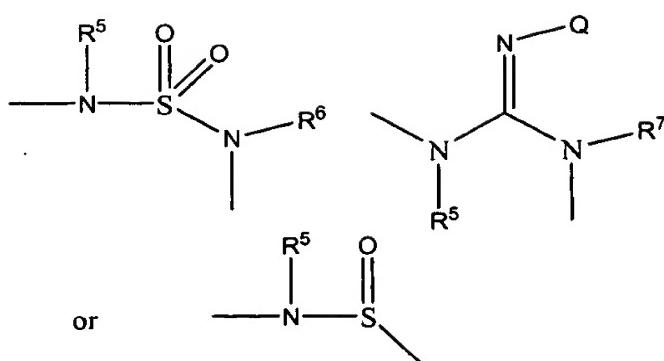
$R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkylalkyl, wherein alkyl moieties are optionally substituted by halo, and aryl groups are optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy and halo,

$R^3$  is absent when -Y-Z-R<sup>2</sup> is attached to N, or  $R^3$  is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>7</sub> alkyl and benzyl, when

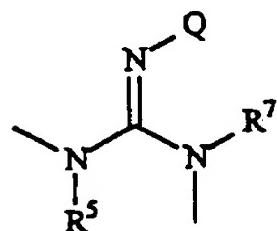
-Y-Z-R<sup>2</sup> is not attached to N;

Y is C<sub>2</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkylene, in which one non-terminal carbon atom may be replaced by O; and

Z is



wherein  $\text{R}^5$ ,  $\text{R}^6$  and  $\text{R}^7$  are independently H, aryl ( $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_3$ ) alkyl or cycloalkyl ( $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_3$ ) alkyl optionally substituted by halo, and Q is H or methyl, provided that when Z is



at least one of  $\text{R}^5$  and  $\text{R}^7$  is aryl( $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_3$ )alkyl or cycloalkyl( $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_3$ )alkyl, optionally substituted by halo;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. (Cancelled)

3. (Currently Amended, Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 ~~or 30~~ wherein  $\text{R}^2$  is selected from phenyl, halophenyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, phenylethyl, halophenylethyl, phenylpropyl, halophenylpropyl, phenylbutyl, halophenylbutyl, tolyl, methoxybenzyl, trifluoromethylbenzyl, halo-methoxybenzyl, phenylbenzyl, adamantanemethyl, adamantaneethyl, adamantanepropyl, cyclohexanemethyl, cyclohexaneethyl, and naphthyl.

4. (Currently Amended, Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 ~~or 30~~ wherein x is 0.

5. (Currently Amended, Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1 ~~or 30~~ wherein x is 1 or 2, and  $\text{R}^1$  is selected from hydroxy,  $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_9$  alkoxy (optionally substituted by halo),  $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_9$  cycloalkylalkoxy (wherein the cycloalkyl group is optionally substituted by  $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_4$  alkyl or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by halo), arylalkoxy (wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted by  $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_4$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_3$  alkoxy or halo, and the alkoxy

group is optionally substituted by halo) and C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> alkylamino wherein the alkyl group is optionally substituted by halo.

6.-7. (Cancelled)

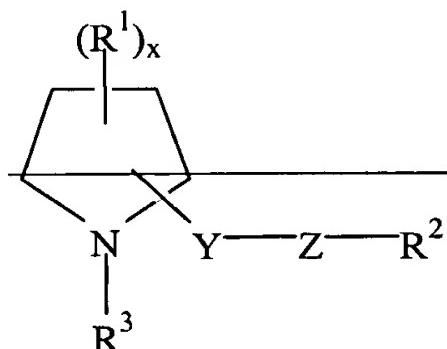
8. (Withdrawn) The compound of claim 1, wherein Y is propylene, butylene, pentylene, hexylene, heptylene, octylene or nonylene.

9.-12. (Cancelled)

13. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of claim 1, and a physiologically acceptable diluent or carrier.

14.-30. (Canceled)

31. (Currently Amended, Withdrawn) A method of treating a patient in need of a sedative, a sleep regulator, an anticonvulsant, a regulator of hypothalamo-hypophyseal secretion, an antidepressant, a modulator of cerebral circulation, treatment of asthma or treatment of irritable bowel syndrome comprising administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of H<sub>3</sub> receptor ligand or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof according to claim 1, said H<sub>3</sub> receptor ligand being a compound of the formula



**wherein**

~~x is from 0 to 2;~~

~~R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> alkoxy (optionally substituted by halo), C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkylalkoxy (wherein the cycloalkyl group is optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally~~

~~substituted by halo), arylalkoxy (wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by halo) and C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> alkyl amino (wherein the alkyl group is optionally substituted by halo)~~

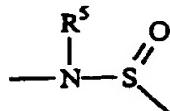
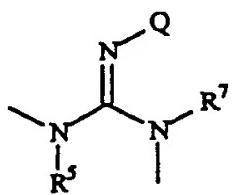
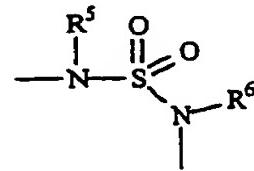
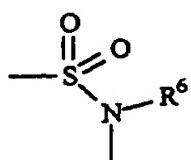
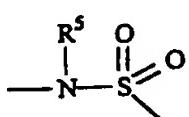
~~R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkylalkyl, wherein alkyl moieties are optionally substituted by halo, and aryl groups are optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy and halo,~~

~~R<sup>3</sup> is absent when Y-Z-R<sup>2</sup> is attached to N, or R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>7</sub> alkyl and benzyl, when~~

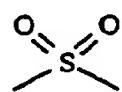
~~Y-Z-R<sup>2</sup> is not attached to N;~~

~~Y is C<sub>2</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkylene, in which one non-terminal carbon atom may be replaced by O; and~~

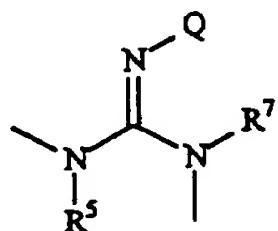
~~Z is~~



or



~~wherein R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently H, aryl (C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl or cycloalkyl (C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>3</sub>) alkyl optionally substituted by halo, and Q is H or methyl, or Q is linked to R<sup>5</sup> or R<sup>7</sup> to form a five membered ring or Q is linked to R<sup>2</sup> to form a six membered ring, provided that when Z is~~



~~at least one of R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> is aryl(C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl or cycloalkyl(C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl,  
optionally substituted by halo;  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.~~

32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is selected from phenyl, halophenyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, phenylethyl, halophenylethyl, phenylpropyl, halophenylpropyl, phenylbutyl, halophenylbutyl, tolyl, methoxybenzyl, trifluoromethylbenzyl, halo-methoxybenzyl, phenylbenzyl, adamantanemethyl, adamantaneethyl, adamantanepropyl, cyclohexanemethyl, cyclohexaneethyl, and naphthyl.

33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein x is 0.

34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein x is 1 or 2, and R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> alkoxy (optionally substituted by halo), C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> cycloalkylalkoxy (wherein the cycloalkyl group is optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by halo), arylalkoxy (wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by halo) and C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>9</sub> alkylamino wherein the alkyl group is optionally substituted by halo.

35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein Y is propylene, butylene, pentylene, hexylene, heptylene, octylene or nonylene.